

~~TEK-004~~

TEK-004

A	B	C	D	E	F
Sequence Number	Primary Bit Stream (8B words)	10B Code Name	10B Code for Current RD-	10B Code for Current RD+	10B Code Selection Logic
1	000 00001	/D1.0/	011101 0100	100010 1011	10B Code selected to balance the running disparity of the encoded bit stream
2	000 00101	/D5.0/	101001 1011	101001 0100	10B Code selected to balance the running disparity of the encoded bit stream
3	000 11010	/D26.0/	010110 1011	010110 0100	10B Code selected to balance the running disparity of the encoded bit stream
4	000 01111	/D15.0/	010111 0100	101000 1011	10B Code selected to balance the running disparity of the encoded bit stream

FIG. 1  
(PRIOR ART)

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A	B	C	D	E	F	G
Sequence Number	Primary Bit Stream (8B words)	10B Code Name	Code for Current RD-	Code for Current RD+	Additional Bit Stream	10B Code Selection Logic
1	000 00001	/D1.0/	011101 0100	100010 1011	0	10B Code selected to represent the bit of the additional bit stream
2	000 00101	/D5.0/	101001 1011	101001 0100		10B Code selected to balance the running disparity of the encoded bit stream
3	000 11010	/D26.0/	010110 1011	010110 0100	1	10B Code selected to represent the bit of the additional bit stream
4	000 01111	/D15.0/	010111 0100	101000 1011		10B Code selected to balance the running disparity of the encoded bit stream

FIG. 2

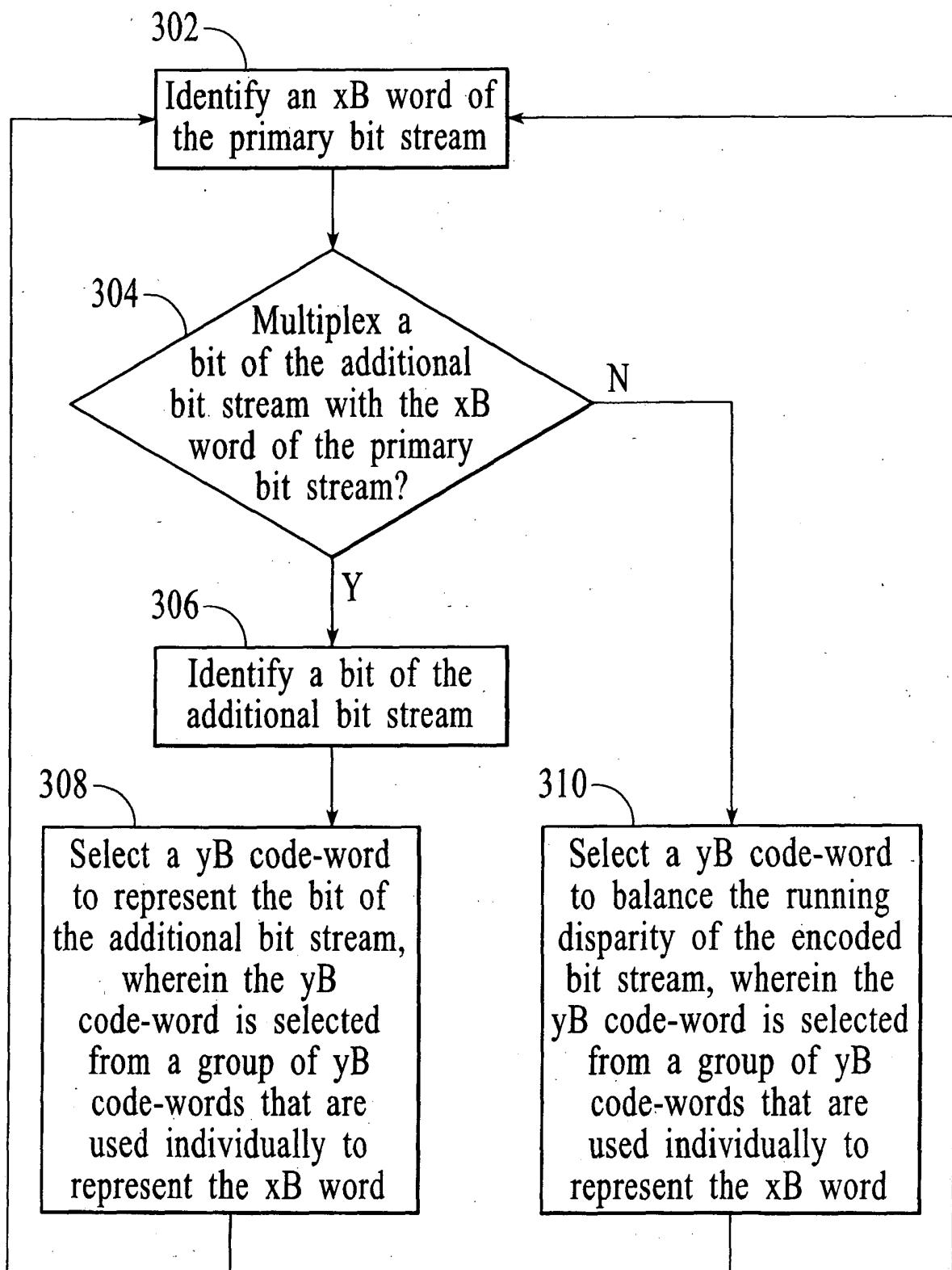


FIG. 3

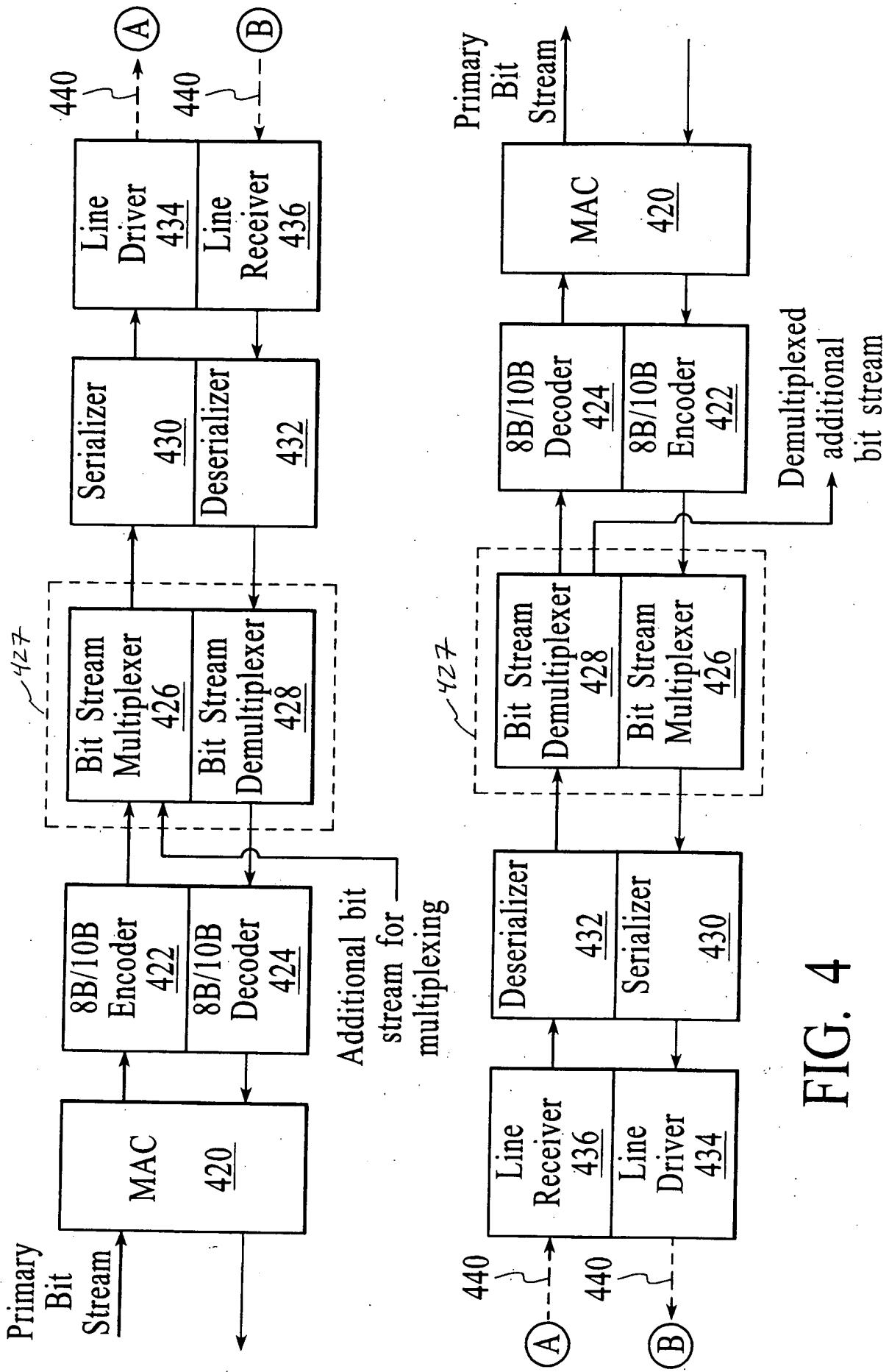


FIG. 4

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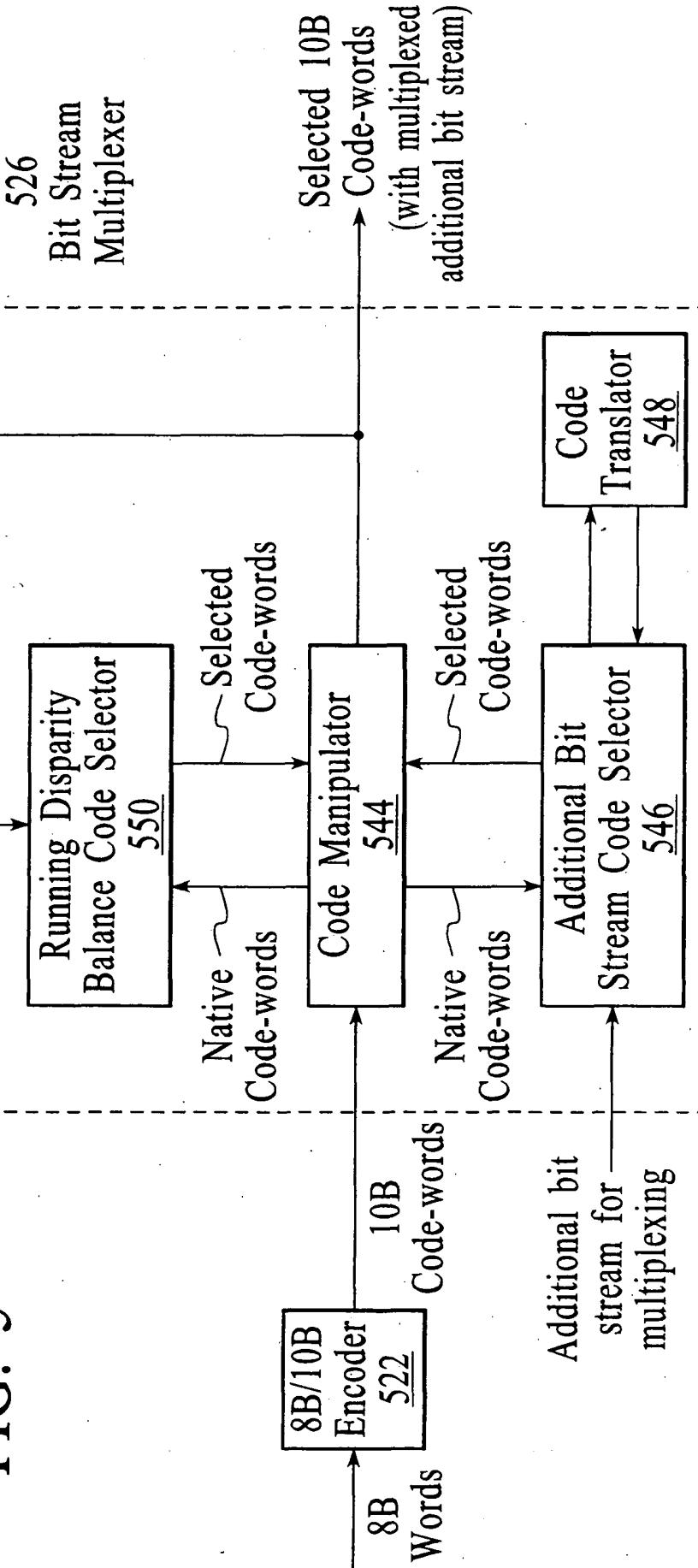


FIG. 5

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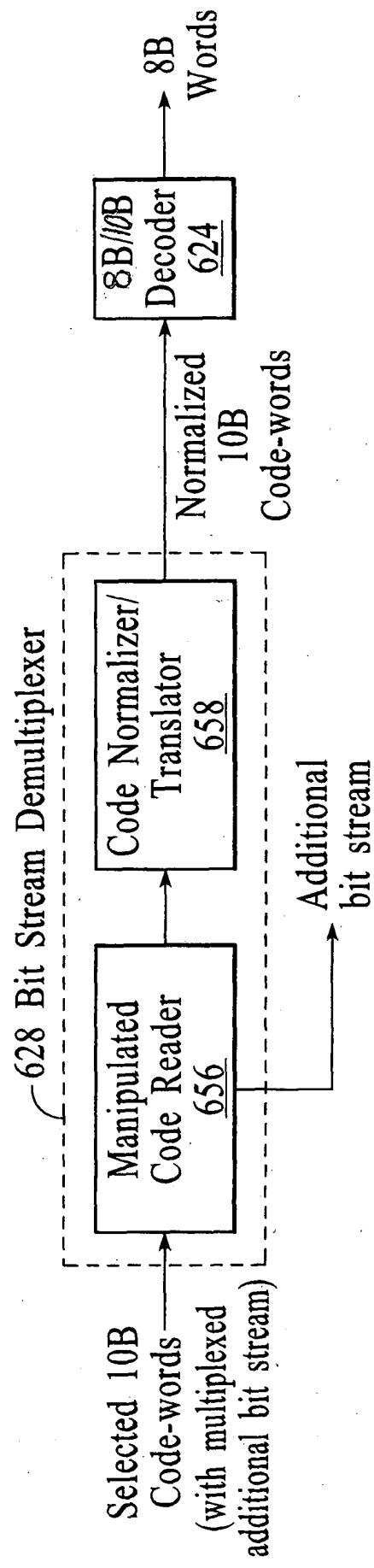


FIG. 6

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	A	B	C	D	E <sub>(+)</sub>	F <sub>(-)</sub>	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N
	Data Bits (8B Codes)	Byte Value	10B Code Name	10B Code for Current RD- (DC Balance + or Neutral)	10B Code for Current RD+ (DC Balance - or Neutral)	New RD	RD Before Additional Bit Stream	RD After Additional Bit Stream	Multiplexed RD Selection	RD Before Selected Code Selection	RD After Selected Code Selection	10B Code	RD After Code Selection	
1	000 00001	01	/D1.0/	011101 0100	100010 1011	S	-	+	-	0	-	-	-	-
2	000 00101	05	/D5.0/	101001 1011	101001 0100	F	-	+	-	1	+	+	+	+
3	000 11010	1A	/D26.0/	010110 1011	010110 0100	F	+	-	-	0	-	-	-	-
4	000 01111	0F	/D15.0/	010111 0100	101000 1011	S	-	+	+	+	-	-	-	-
5	100 11101	9D	/D29.4/	101110 0010	010001 1101	S	-	-	-	0	-	-	-	-
6	011 11111	7F	/D31.3/	101011 0011	010100 1100	F	-	+	+	0	-	-	-	-
7	101 01111	AF	/D15.5/	010111 1010	101000 1010	F	+	-	-	1	+	+	+	-
8	110 11000	D8	/D24.6/	110011 0110	001100 0110	F	-	+	+	0	-	-	-	-
9	001 11111	3F	/D31.1/	101011 1001	010100 1001	F	+	-	-	1	-	-	-	-
10	111 11110	FE	/D30.7/	011110 0001	100001 1110	S	-	+	+	0	-	-	-	-
11	001 00111	27	/D7.1/	111000 1001	000111 1001	S	-	+	+	1	-	-	-	-
12	001 01111	2F	/D15.1/	010111 1001	101000 1001	F	-	+	+	0	-	-	-	-
13	000 10110	16	/D22.0/	011010 1011	011010 0100	F	+	-	-	1	-	-	-	-

FIG. 7

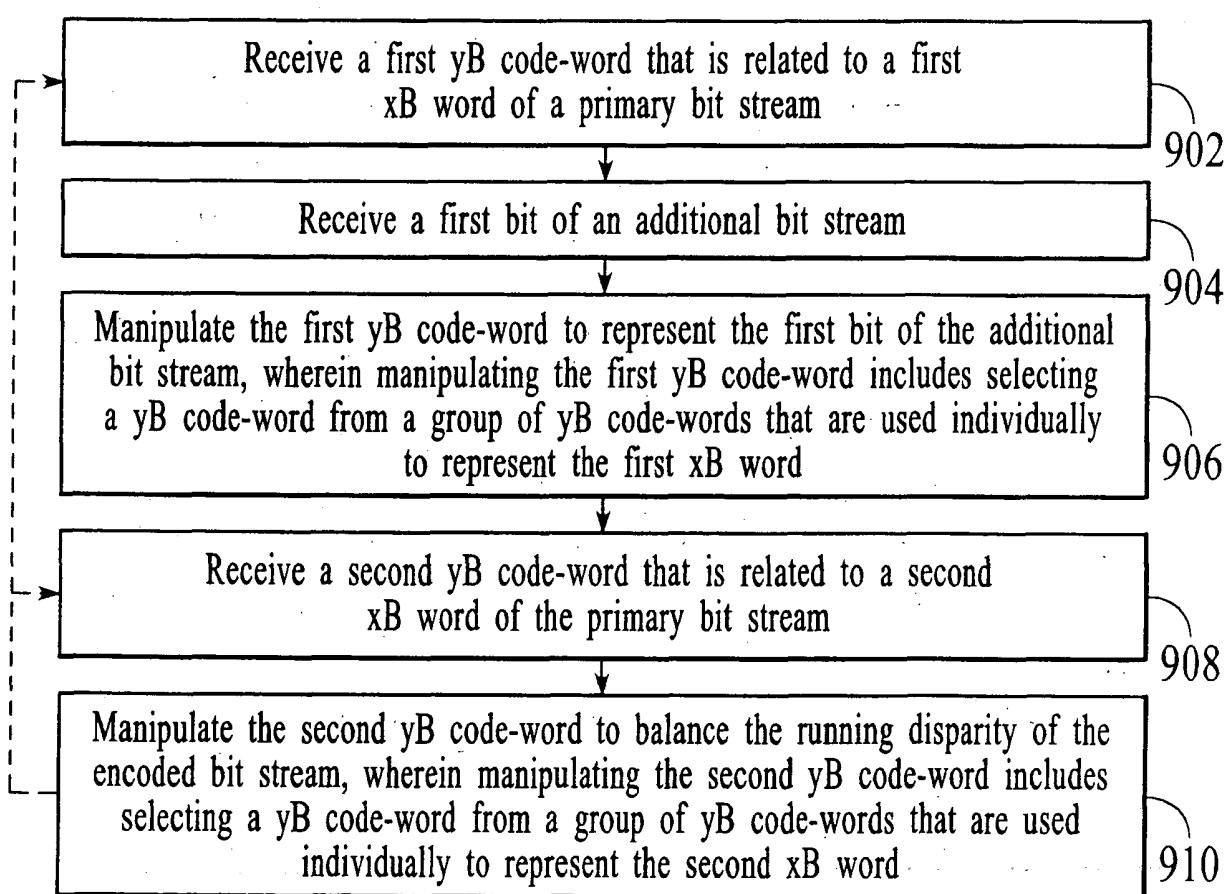
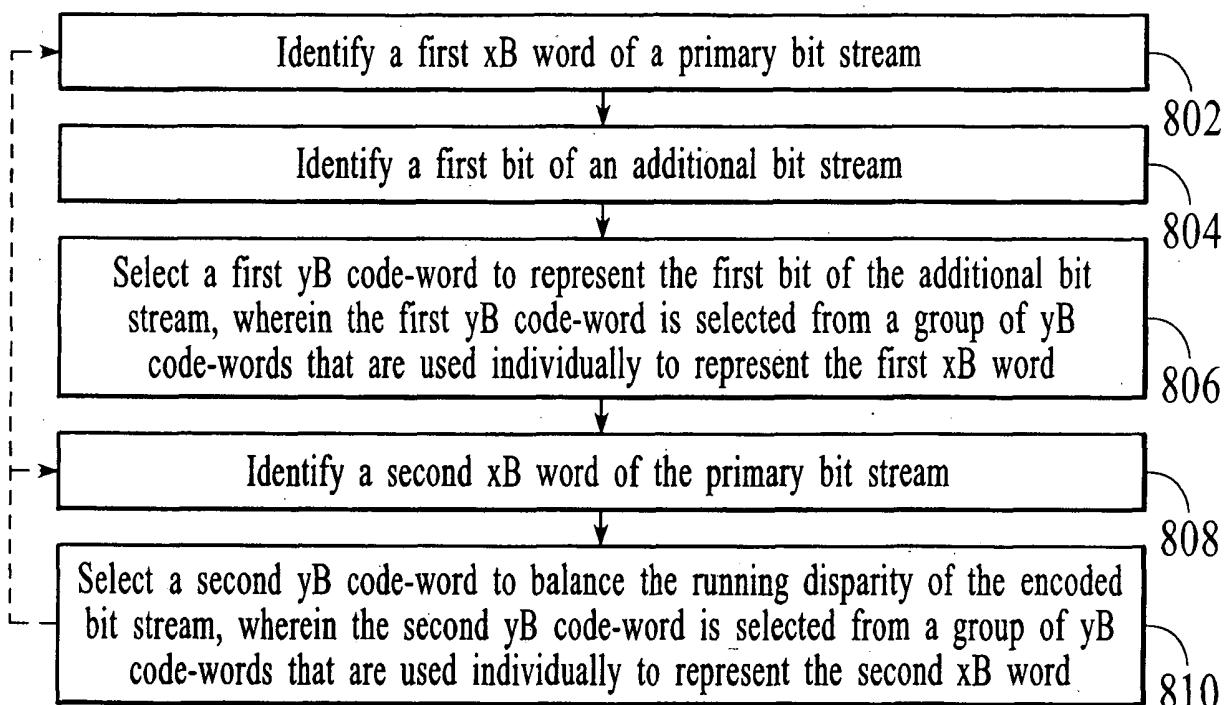


FIG. 9

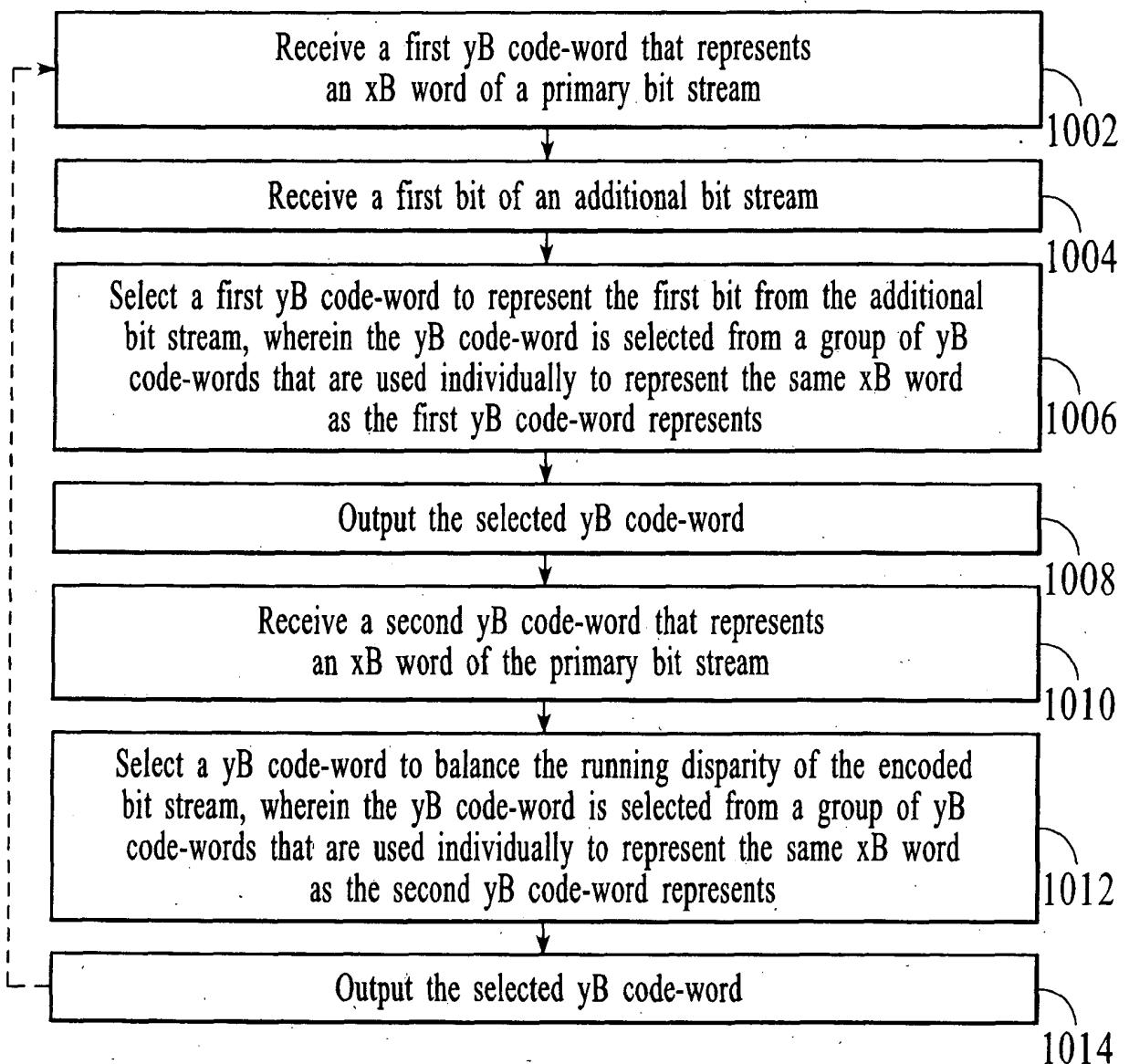


FIG. 10

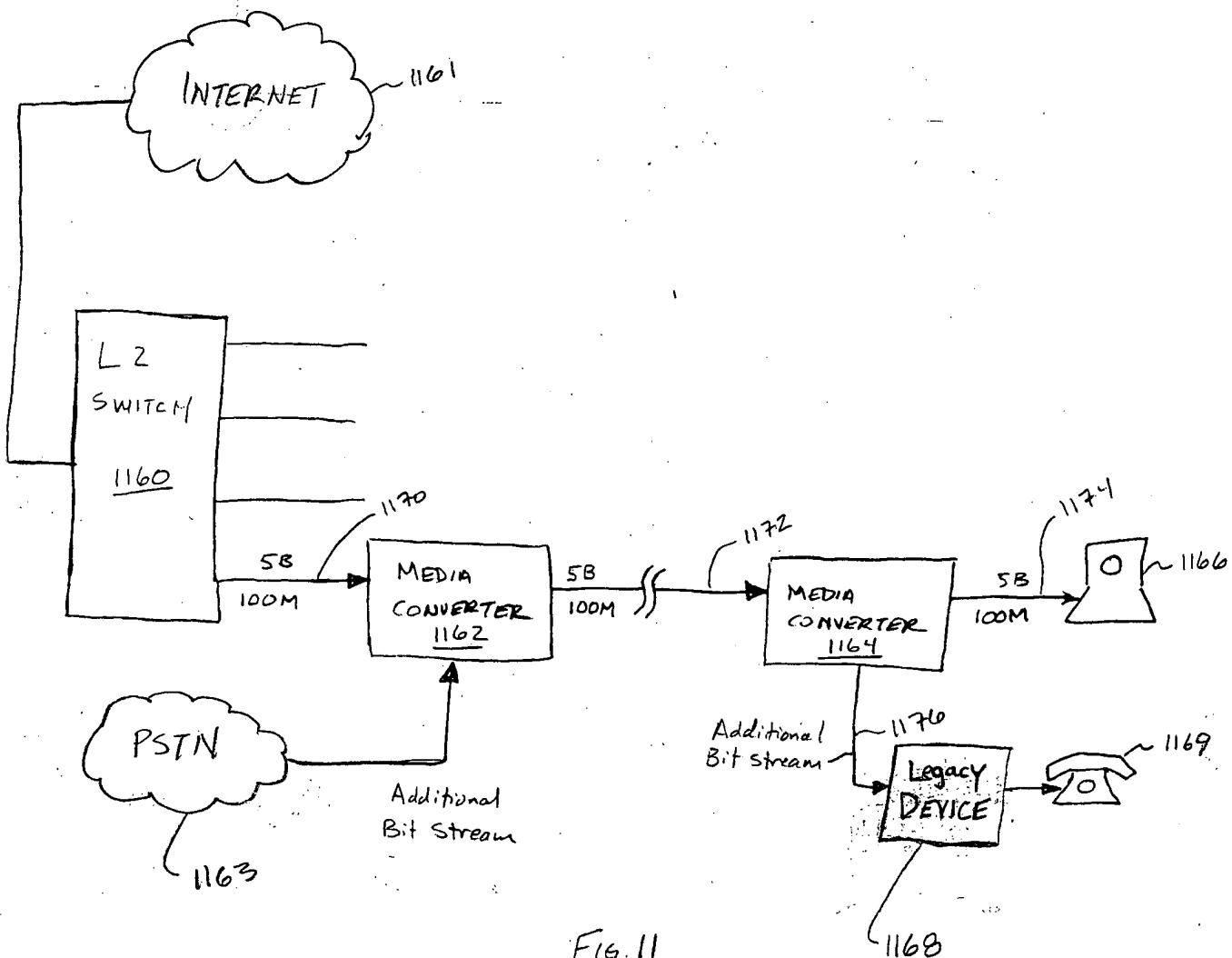


Fig. 11

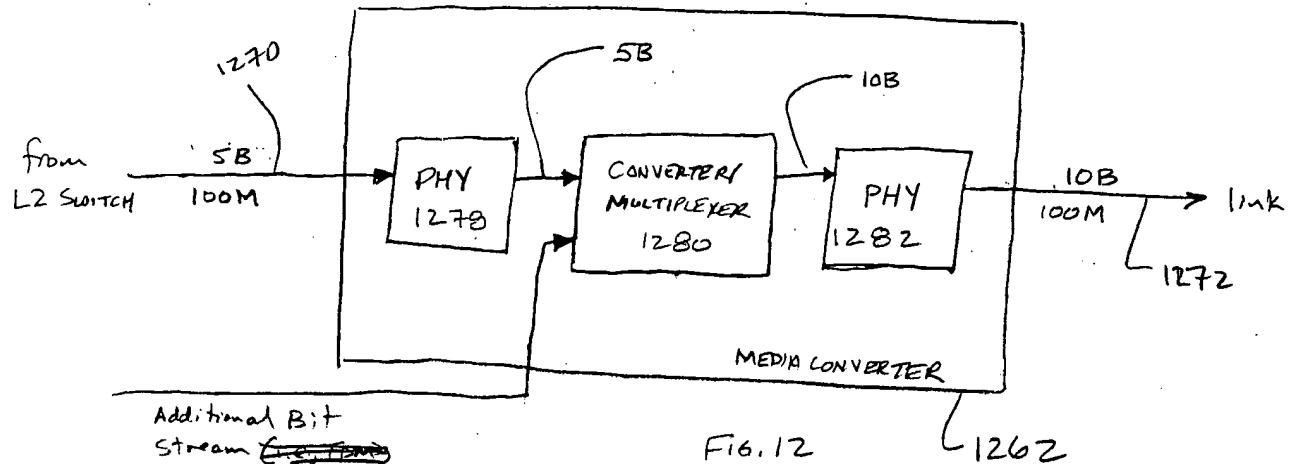


FIG. 12

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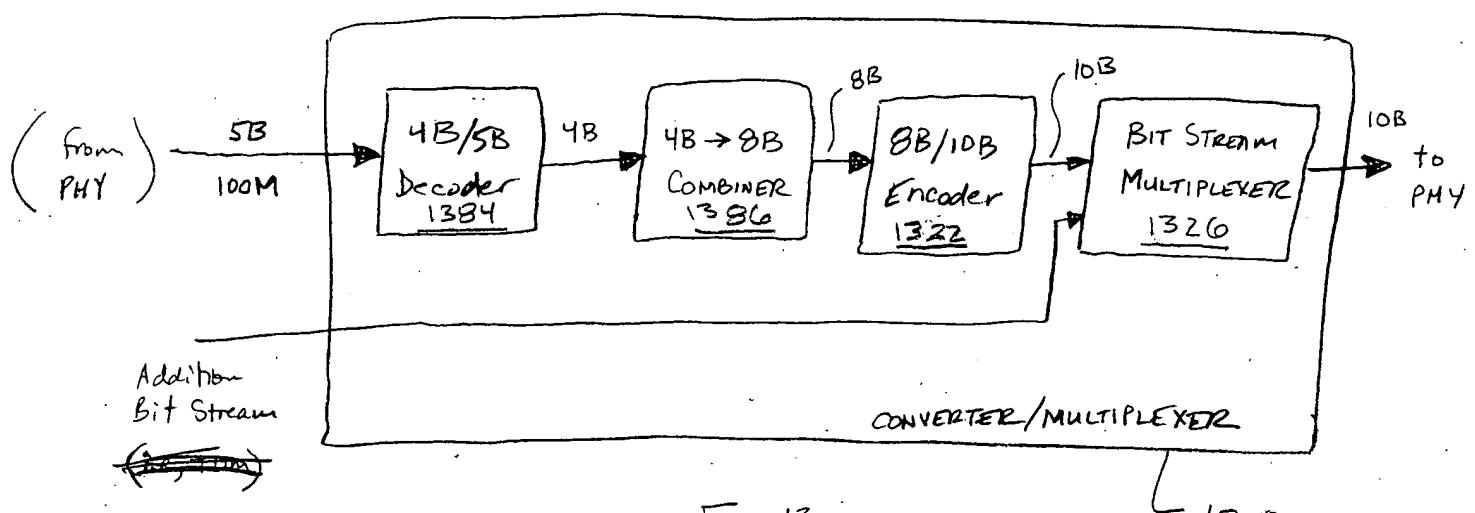
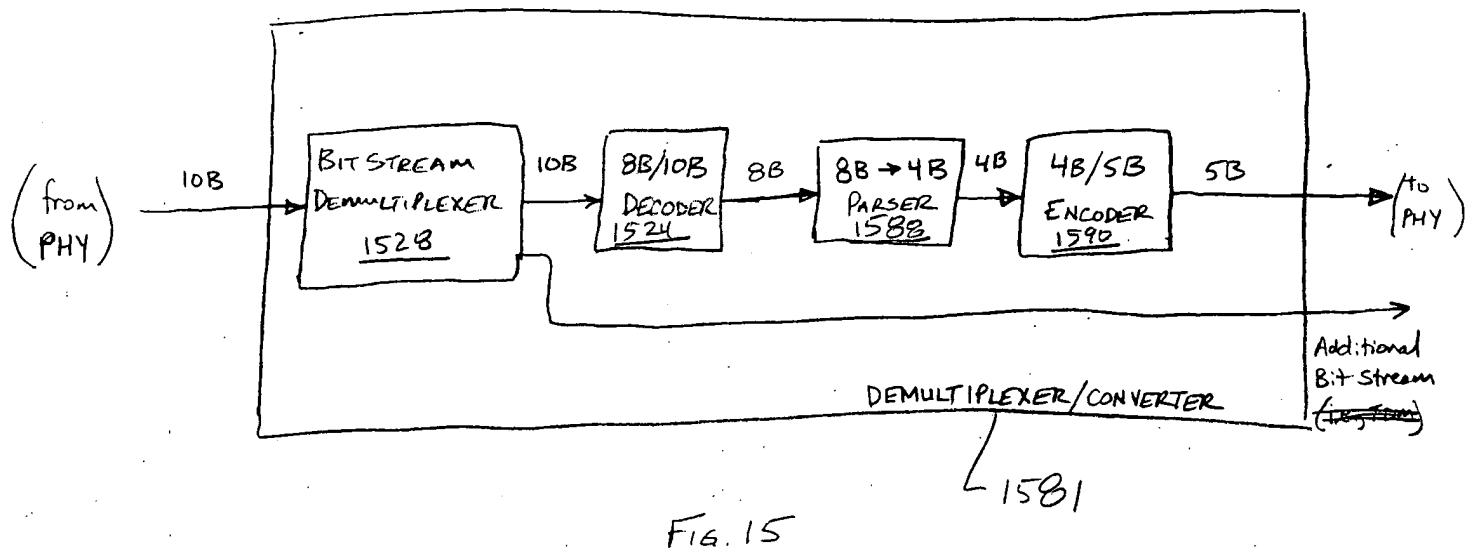
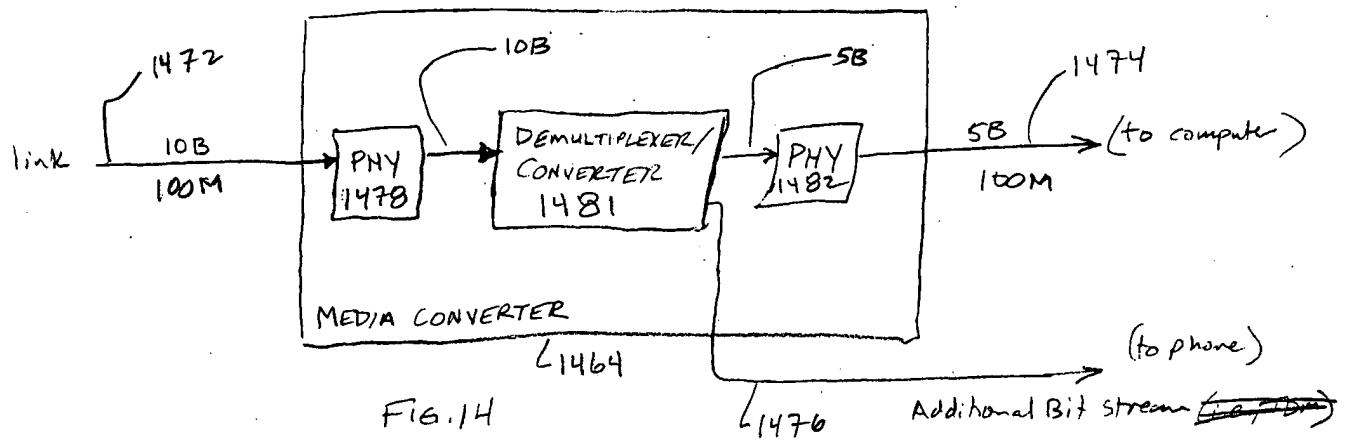


FIG. 13

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convert a q-bit/r-bit ( $qB/rB$ ) encoded bit stream into an x-bit/y-bit ( $xB/yB$ ) encoded bit stream

multiplex bits of an additional bit stream with yB code-words of the  $xB/yB$  encoded bit stream

Fig. 16

receive r-bit ( $rB$ ) code-words of a primary bit stream, wherein the primary bit stream is encoded into a q-bit/r-bit ( $qB/rB$ ) encoded bit stream

decode the primary bit stream from the  $rB$  code-words to q-bit ( $qB$ ) words

identify x-bit ( $xB$ ) words of the primary bit stream from the  $qB$  words

encode the  $xB$  words of the primary bit stream into y-bit ( $yB$ ) code-words to form an x-bit/y-bit ( $xB/yB$ ) encoded bit stream

multiplex the  $yB$  code-words with the additional bit stream to form a multiplexed bit stream

Fig. 17

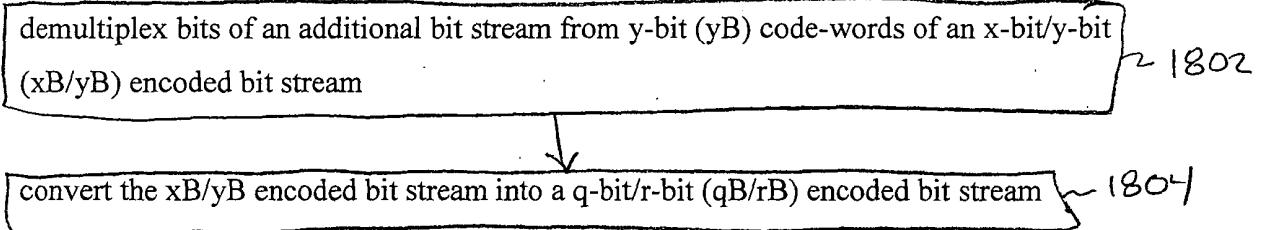


Fig. 18

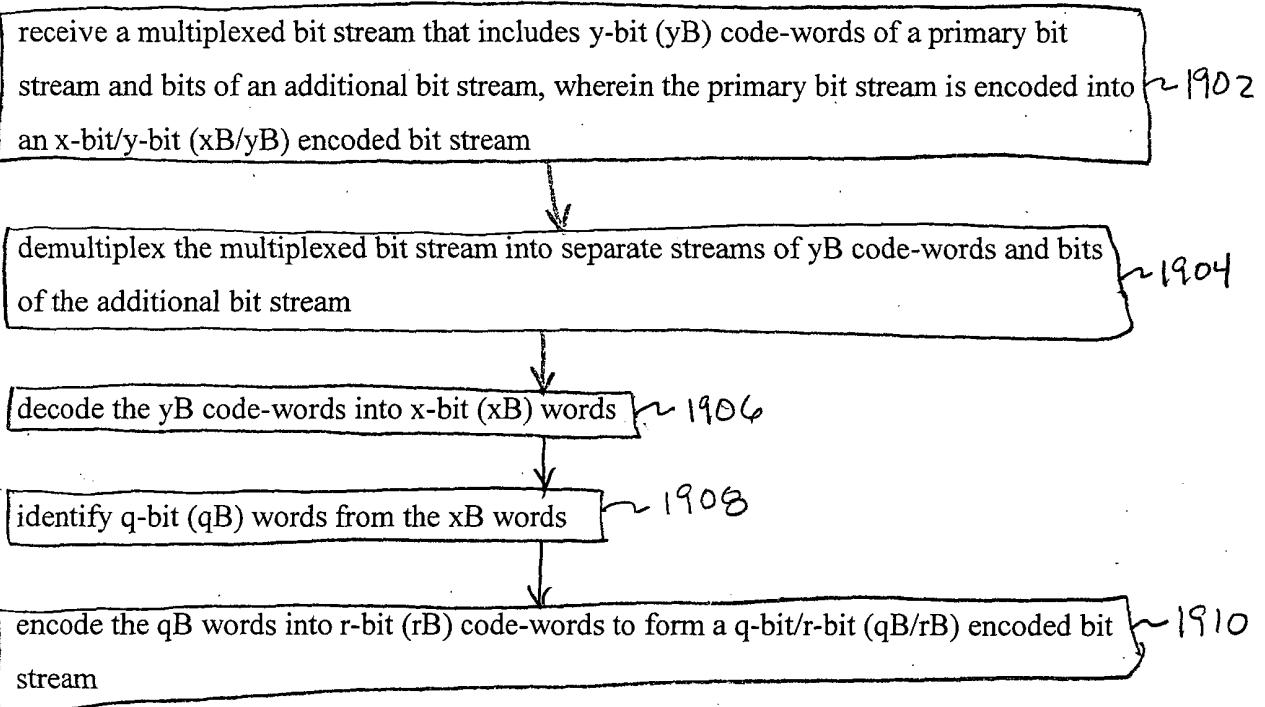


Fig. 19